City: Guwahati State: Assam

Category: Business & Industrial Centre, Tier 2

Guwahati is a major port on the banks of Brahmaputra, the capital of Assam and the urban hub of the North East. Primary industries include petrochemicals, tea- Assam is one of the world's prime producing region - tourism and regional logistics.

1. Demographic Profile

Indicator	City (Municipal Corporation)	State (Urban)	India (Urban)
Total Population	957352	4398542	377,106,125
Total Population of UA (if)	962334		
Share of ULB population in District Urban population (%)	92.32		
Population Growth Rate (AEGR) 2001-11	1.67	2.46	2.76
Area (sq. km)*	219.06		
Share of ULB area in district (%)* #	22.94		
Density of population (person per sq. km)*	4370		
Literacy Rate (%)	91.47	88.47	84.11
Schedule Caste (%)	5.82	9.22	12.60
Schedule Tribes (%)	4.52	4.98	2.77
Youth, 15 - 24 years (%)	18.55	19.01	19.68
Slum Population (%)	2.69	13.05	17.36
Working Age Group, 15-59 years (%)	70.57	68.34	65.27

2. Economic Profile

Indicator	City (Municipal Corporation)	State (Urban)	India (Urban)
Per Capita Income (Rs.) at 2004-05 constant price *	43278	23019	Rs. 35, 947 ^a
Urban Poverty Ratio (% of urban population)**	9.09	20.6	13.7
Unemployment Rate, 2011-12***	4.32	5.6	3.4
Work Participation Rate, 2011-12***	31.75	32.9	35.5
Work Status, 2011-12 (%) ***			
Self-employed:	47.45	53.8	42.0
Regular/wage salaried employees:	48.47	36.5	43.4
Casual labour:	4.08	9.6	14.6
Sectoral Distribution of Workers, 2011-12 (%) ***			
Primary	15.96	8.4	7.5
Secondary	18.59	17.8	34.2
Tertiary	65.45	73.8	58.3
Workers Classified by Major Occupation, 2011-12(%) ***			
Legislators, senior officials and managers	0.85	4.8	15.8
Professionals	14.63	17.3	8.8
Technicians and associate professionals	4.51	7.5	6.7
Clerks	4.05	4.7	5.0
Service workers and shop and market sales workers	18.81	24.8	14.7
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers	6.22	4.1	4.6
Craft and related trades workers	28.29	15.8	19.2
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	3.13	5.1	9.2
Elementary occupations	15.37	12.5	16.1
Workers not classified by occupation	4.14	3.4	0.1
Primary Commodity Manufactured [#]	Bakery products, Cane product, carbon		
Major Industries##	Tea, Silk and handloom		

Source: Census of India, 2011

* District Census Handbook, Census of India, 2011

^{*}The ULB is spread in more than one district

No. of sanctioned SEZ	0	413

Note: 3 year average of 2009-10, 2010-11 and 2011-12
Source: * Directorate of Economics and Statistics of respective State Governments and for all India- Central Statistics Office

- **Unit Level Data of National Sample Survey Organization, Household Consumer Expenditure in India, 68th Round, 2011-12
 ***Unit Level Data of National Sample Survey Organization, Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 68th Round, 2011-12

- **District Census Handbook, Census of India, 2011 ****District Industrial Profile, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, Government of India
- ∞ Department of Commerce, Ministry of Commerce and Industry

3. Infrastructure Status

Indicator	City (Municipal Corporation)	State (Urban)	India (Urban)
% of households with access to tap water (from treated source) within Premises	32.64	27.4	84.14
% of households with access to electricity	92.94	84.08	92.68
% of households having toilet facilities within premises	85.04	71.04	72.57
% of household Waste water outlet connected to drainage	76.93	56.35	81.77
Type of sewerage system*	Underground sewerage system		
Type of solid Waste system*	Door to Door		
% of households with access to computer/laptop	11.96		
with internet	21.82	6.43	8.27
without internet		14.60	10.40
% of households with access to mobile phones	78.88		64.33
Ownership Pattern of Housing (%)			
Owned	54.14	69.3	69.16
Rented	41.15	64.02	27.55
% of households living in congested houses		22.80	32.94
Indicator	City (Municipal Corporat	tion)	
No. of Hospitals per 1,00,000 people *	1		
No of Schools per 1,00,000 people			
Primary	27		
Middle	11		
Secondary	15		
College	14		

Source: Tables of Houses, Household Amenities and Assets, Census of India, 2011

4. Political Profile: Leadership and Administrative Structure

Architecture of Governance Structure of Elected and Executive Bodies. Give indication of hierarchies	The primary development agenda of Guwahati city is carried out by two main agencies, the Guwahati Municipal Corporation (GMC) and the Guwahati Metropolitan Development Authority (GMDA). The area covered under GMDA includes the GMC area of 216 sq kms and an additional 48 sq kms. The Guwahati Municipal Corporation is divided into two wings, viz. elected wing and the administrative wing. The corporation has an elected Mayor-in-Council System. The strength of the council is 60 in addition to the Mayor. The administrative wing of the corporation is headed by a Municipal Commissioner.
	At present, the water supply and sewerage facilities in Guwahati Metropolitan area are operated by three departments, viz., Guwahati Municipal Corporation (GMC), Assam Urban Water Supply and Sewerage Board (AUWSSB) and Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). The Guwahati Jal Board (GJB) was established as a single organisation responsible for Water Supply & Sewerage services to the residents of the Guwahati Metropolitan Area (GMA). Upon

^{*} District Census Handbook, Census of India, 2011

	completion, the water supply facilities now under implementation will be taken over by the Guwahati Jal Board, which will be responsible for operating and maintaining them on a sustainable basis.
	Guwahati Metropolitan Development Authority (GMDA) jurisdiction extends over an area of 262 sq.km. covering the entire Guwhati Municipal Corporation area , entire North Guwahati Town Committee area and some revenue villages. GMDA's functions includes: preparation of master plan and zoning regulation; preparation and execution of development schemes; to regulate and control the development though statutory plans and other measures; to co-ordinate development activities of other public agencies operating within Guwahati Metropolitan Area.
	The Town and Country Planning Department is responsible for preparation of Master Plan for Urban areas. It also provide assistance to Urban Local Bodies and Development Authorities in the matter of urban planning & development and to assist in the preparation of project reports and implementation of infrastructure projects for urban development sector.
No of elected representatives	NA NA
Election Details* Election cycle, last election, Name, party affiliation where relevant, date office taken for: chief minister, commissioner, and mayor.	Mr. Tarun Gogoi from Indian National Congress is the Chief Minister of Assam. He was elected on 18/05/2011 for the third consecutive term. The Commissioner is Mr. Narayan Konwar. The council is headed by Mayor Mr. Abir Patra of INC.

Source:*Respective ULB website and Media Search

5. Performance of Urban Local Body (ULB)

Credit and Tax

Credit Rating of ULBs (As on Nov 2012)*	BB
Property Tax #	Coverage (%): 95
	Collection Efficiency (%): 79
	Amount(Rs.): NA

F-governance& Computerization in ULB

Implemented No
No
110
No
Ni
No
No
No
No
Only on CFC
No
NIC
No
No
Yes: http://www.gmcportal.in/
3 functions are yet to be transferred. They are fire services; urban forestry,
protection of environment and ecology; safeguarding the interests of weaker
sections society including the handicapped and mentally retarded.

Source: *www.jnnurm.nic.in

*Reform Appraisal Report, JNNURM, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India

Note: * Modules of e-governance implemented in ULB

Source: * Reform Appraisal Report, JNNURM, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India and respective ULB's website #Information and Services Need Assessment (ISNA) Study for Urban Local Bodies, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, 2012

Recognition

List any national or international recognition such as	Member of ICLEI
awards, pilots, horizontal networks.	JNNURM Awards for Excellence: Best City Award for Special Category States
	(2011); Best Non-motorized Transport Project (2008); Runner Up Implementation
	of Reforms (2007)

6. Finance & Health

Financial

i manata			
Indicator	City (Municipal	State (Urban)	India (Urban)
	Corporation)		
% of households with access to banking facilities *	84.46	75.18	67.77

Financial Status [#]		
Details of municipal income and expenditure	Income	Expenditure
(Rs. Lakhs)		
2009-10	N.A	N.A
2010-11	N.A	N.A
2011-12	N.A	N.A
% of municipal Budget reserved for urban poor@		

Source: * Tables of Houses, Household Amenities and Assets, Census of India, 2011

Environmental

Swatch Bharat ranking *	51
Comprehensive Environmental Assessment for available cities [#]	

Source: *Press Information Bureau, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, 2015

7. Capacity: Track Record & Initiatives

JNNURM Projects	Status or Com	<u>ment</u>			
BSUP/IHSDP	none of the proj	Under BSUP scheme, total 2 projects for housing were sanctioned under BSUP of which none of the project have been completed. The total project cost was Rs 108.44 crores. Construction of 18% of the dwelling unit is complete.			
UIG/UIDSSMT		UIG: Total 2 projects were approved. Both are ongoing			
Total Approved Cost of projects (Rs.Lakhs)	31610.71	31610.71			
Sectorwise details of projects	Sector	No of Projects	Total Cost (Rs Lakhs)	Share of sector in total projects approved	
	Water	1	28094	88.9	
	SWM	1	3516.71	11.1	
Share of Central Assistance released (%)	87.22	87.22			
% of work completed (Physical Progress)	76	76			
Funds Utilised (%)	107.29	107.29			

Source: www.jnnurm.nic.in (accessed on November, 2015)

Alignment with MoUD Schemes	Status, Comment
Heritage City Development and Augmentation Yojana	
(HRIDAY)	
AMRUT	City is covered under AMRUT Mission

^{*}Information and Services Need Assessment (ISNA) Study for Urban Local Bodies, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, 2012

[®] Reform Appraisal Report, JNNURM, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India

^{*}Central Pollution Control Board, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India, 2009

JNNURM	City was covered under UIG component of JNNURM
NUIS	
North Eastern Region Urban Development Programme	
(NERUDP)	

Source: Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India